

Associated Products

| Product | Description | Pack Size | Cat No. |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ISOLATE II Genomic DNA Kit | Rapid isolation of high-quality genomic DNA from many different starting material | 10 Preps 50 Preps 250 Preps | BIO-52065 BIO-52066 BIO-52067 |
| ISOLATE II Plant DNA Kit | Rapid isolation of high-quality genomic DNA from a wide variety of plant species | 10 Preps 50 Preps 250 Preps | BIO-52068 BIO-52069 BIO-52070 |
| ISOLATE II RNA Mini Kit | Isolation of high-yield and extremely pure total RNA from a variety of samples | 10 Preps 50 Preps 250 Preps | BIO-52071 BIO-52072 BIO-52073 |
| ISOLATE II RNA Plant Kit | Isolation of high-yield and extremely pure total RNA from a wide variety of plant species | 10 Preps 50 Preps | BIO-52076 BIO-52077 |
| TRIsure™ | Quick isolation of high-quality RNA from a variety of sources for subsequent use in cDNA synthesis | 100 mL 200 mL | BIO-38032 BIO-38033 |
| SensiFAST™ cDNA Synthesis Kit | Fully optimized to generate maximum yields of full-length cDNA from RNA | 50 Reactions 250 Reactions | BIO-65053 BIO-65054 |
| Agarose | Molecular biology grade agarose | 100 g 500 g | BIO-41026 BIO-41025 |

TRADEMARK AND LICENSING INFORMATION

1) Trademarks: SensiMix™ (Bioline Reagents Ltd.)

2) Notice to Purchaser: PCR probes can be purchased from a variety of vendors including Applied Biosystems (Life Tech), Roche Molecular Systems, Inc., F. Hoffman La-Roche Ltd., Integrated DNA Technologies, Biosearch Technologies, Nanogen Inc. and others. The use of certain probes including TaqMan-MGB, FAM-TAMRA, FAM-BHQ, VIC-MGB in connection with the Polymerase Chain Reaction ("PCR") process may require a license from one or more of these vendors. Please contact individual vendors to determine the requirement to obtain licenses. The purchase of this kit, as supplied by Bioline does not, either expressly or by implication, provide a license to use any proprietary technology supplied by these vendors.

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|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| Bioline Reagents Ltd UNITED KINGDOM | Bioline USA Inc. USA | Bioline GmbH GERMANY | Bioline (Aust) Pty. Ltd AUSTRALIA | Bioline France FRANCE | Meridian Bioscience Asia Pte Ltd SINGAPORE |
| Tel: +44 (0)20 8830 5300 Fax: +44 (0)20 8452 2822 | Tel: +1 508 880 8990 Fax: +1 508 880 8993 | Tel: +49 (0)337 168 1229 Fax: +49 (0)3371 68 1244 | Tel: +61 (0)2 9209 4180 Fax: +61 (0)2 9209 4763 | Tel: +33 (0)1 42 56 04 40 Fax: +33 (0)9 70 06 62 10 | Tel: +65 6774 7196 Fax: +65 6774 6441 |

Storage and Stability:

The SensiMix II Probe Kit is shipped on dry/blue ice. All kit components should be stored at -20 °C upon receipt. Excessive freeze/thawing is not recommended.

Expiry:

When stored under the recommended conditions and handled correctly, full activity of the kit is retained until the expiry date on the outer box label.

Quality Control:

The SensiMix II Probe Kit and its components are extensively tested for activity, processivity, efficiency, heat activation, sensitivity, absence of nuclease contamination and absence of nucleic acid contamination.

Safety Precautions:

Please refer to the material safety data sheet for further information.

SensiMix™ II Probe Kit

Shipping: On Dry/Blue Ice Catalog Numbers

Batch No.: See vial BIO-83005: 500 x 50 µL reactions: 10 x 1.25 mL

Concentration: See vial BIO-83020: 2000 x 50 µL reactions: 40 x 1.25 mL



A Meridian Life Science® Company

Store at -20°C

Description

The SensiMix™ II Probe Kit is a high-performance reagent designed for superior sensitivity and specificity on all real-time instruments. The kit has been formulated for use with probe-detection technology, including TaqMan®, Scorpion®, Assay On Demand®, allelic discrimination and molecular beacon probes. The SensiMix II Probe Kit employs a hot-start DNA polymerase, for high PCR specificity and sensitivity. Since SensiMix possesses no polymerase activity during reaction set-up, the kit greatly reduces non-specific amplification including primer-dimer formation. After pre-heating, SensiMix becomes fully activated and in conjunction with a specially optimized buffer chemistry, generates reliable and highly reproducible data on all real-time PCR instruments.

For ease-of-use and added convenience, SensiMix II Probe is provided as a 2x mastermix containing all the components necessary for real-time PCR, including dNTPs and stabilizers. In addition a separate tube of ROX is provided for optional use.

Kit components

| Reagent | 500 x 50 µL reactions | 2000 x 50 µL reactions |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| SensiMix™ II Probe (2x) | 10 x 1.25 mL (12.5 mL) | 40 x 1.25 mL (50 mL) |
| 25 µM ROX dye | 500 µL | 4 x 500 µL |
| 50 mM MgCl ₂ | 1 x 1 mL | 4 x 1 mL |

- use primer-design software, such as Primer3 or visual OMP™ (<http://frodo.wi.mit.edu/primer3/> and DNA Software, Inc <http://dnasoftware.com/> respectively). Primers should have a melting temperature (T_m) of approximately 58-60 °C. The T_m of the probe should be approximately 10 °C higher than that of the primers

- optimal amplicon length should be 80-150 bp and should not exceed 400 bp

- a final primer concentration of 400 nM is suitable for most probe reactions, however to determine the optimal concentration we recommend titrating in the range of 0.3-1.0 µM

- use equimolar primer concentrations

- a final probe concentration of 100 nM is suitable for most applications. We recommend that the final probe concentration is at least 2 fold lower than the primer concentration.

Note: In multiplex PCR probe concentrations over 100 nM can result in cross-channel fluorescence

- when amplifying from cDNA use intron-spanning primers to avoid amplification from genomic DNA

Template: It is important that the DNA template is suitable for use in PCR in terms of purity and concentration. Also, the template needs to be devoid of any contaminating PCR inhibitors (e.g. EDTA). The recommended amount of template for PCR is dependent upon the type of DNA used. The following should be considered when using genomic DNA and cDNA templates:

- **Genomic DNA:** use up to 1 µg of complex (e.g. eukaryotic) genomic DNA in a single PCR. We recommend using the Bioline ISOLATE II Genomic DNA Mini Kit (BIO-52067) for high yield and purity from both prokaryotic and eukaryotic sources

- **cDNA:** the optimal amount of cDNA to use in a single PCR is dependent upon the copy number of the target gene. We suggest using 100 ng cDNA per reaction, however it may be necessary to vary this amount. To perform a two-step RT-PCR, we recommend using the Bioline SensiFAST cDNA Synthesis Kit (BIO-65053) or reverse transcription of the purified RNA. For high yield and purity of RNA, use the Bioline ISOLATE II RNA Mini Kit (BIO-52072)

Kit compatibility

The SensiMix II Probe Kit has been optimized for use with all probe chemistries, including TaqMan®, Scorpion®, Assay On Demand®, allelic discrimination and molecular beacon probes.

The SensiMix II Probe Kit can be used on all real-time PCR instruments.

General considerations

To help prevent any carry-over DNA contamination we recommend that separate areas be maintained for PCR set-up, PCR amplification and any post-PCR gel analysis. It is essential that any tube containing amplified PCR product should not be opened in the PCR set-up area.

Primers and probe: These guidelines refer to the use of TaqMan probes. Please refer to the relevant literature when using other probe types. The sequence and concentration of the probe and primers, as well as amplicon length, can be critical for specific amplification, yield and overall efficiency of any real-time PCR. We strongly recommend taking the following into consideration when designing and running your PCR reaction:

MgCl₂: The MgCl₂ concentration in the 1x reaction mix is 3 mM. In the majority of qPCR conditions this is optimal for both the reverse transcriptase and the hot-start DNA polymerase. If necessary, we suggest titrating the MgCl₂ to a maximum of 5 mM.

Probe Compatibility:

The kit has been optimized for use with TaqMan®, Scorpion®, Assay on Demand®, allelic discrimination, and molecular beacon probes.

PCR controls: It is important to detect the presence of contaminating DNA that may affect the reliability of the data. Always include a no template control (NTC), replacing the template with PCR-grade water. When performing a two-step RT-PCR, set-up a no RT control.

Optional ROX: Reaction-independent ROX fluorescence can be measured on the real-time instruments listed below to normalize the reporter-dye signal during PCR. SensiMix II Probe Kit is supplied with a separate tube of ROX (5-carboxy-X-rhodamine, succinimidyl ester) at 25 μM. Use the following table to determine the appropriate volume of 25 μM ROX, per 50 μL reaction, to use with the particular real-time instrument:

| Manufacturer | Model | ROX volume 50μl reaction | Final ROX concentration |
|--------------|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| ABI | 7000, 7300, 7700, 7900, 7900HT, StepOne™, StepOne™ Plus | 1.0 μL | 500 nM |
| | 7500, 7500 FAST, ViiA7 | 0.1 μL | 50 nM |
| Stratagene | Mx4000™, Mx3000P™, Mx3005P™ | 0.1 μL | 50 nM |

Table 1.

Alternatively add 50 μl of the 25 μM ROX dye to each of the 1.25 mL SensiMix II Probe (2x) for a 500nM final concentration of ROX, or 5 μL of 25 μM ROX dye to each of the 1.25 mL SensiMix II Probe (2x) for a 50 nM final concentration of ROX. (see notice to purchaser No. 5 in Trademark and Licensing Information).

Procedure

The following are instructions for the use of TaqMan probes in real-time PCR. Please refer to the relevant protocols when using other probe types.

Reaction mix composition: Prepare a PCR mastermix. The volumes given below are based on a standard 50 μL final reaction mix and can be scaled accordingly.

| Reagent | Volume | Final concentration |
|---------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 2x SensiMix™ II Probe | 25 μL | 1x |
| 10 μM Forward Primer | 2 μL | 400 nM |
| 10 μM Reverse Primer | 2 μL | 400 nM |
| 10 μM Probe | 0.5 μL | 100 nM |
| 25 μM ROX* (see Table 1.) | - | - |
| H ₂ O | up to 45 μL | |
| Template | 5 μL | |
| 50 μL Final volume | | |

(*see ROX passive reference selection above)

If using the ABI Pre-developed TaqMan Assay Reagents (TaqMan PDARs) for allelic discrimination use genomic DNA in the range 10-100 ng per 50 μL final reaction mix.

Suggested thermal cycling conditions: The following PCR conditions are suitable for SensiMix II Probe Kit with a majority of amplicons and real-time PCR instruments. However, the cycling conditions can be varied to suit different probe-based reactions or machine-specific protocols. The critical step of the PCR is the 10 minute initial activation at 95 °C. The detection channel on the real-time instrument should be set to acquire at the appropriate wavelength(s).

• **Standard cycling**

| Cycles | Temperature | Time | Notes |
|--------|----------------|--------------|------------------------|
| 1 | *95 °C | *10 min | Polymerase activation |
| 40 | 95 °C 60 °C | 10 s 60 s | Acquire at end of step |

*Non-variable parameter

• **Fast cycling**

| Cycles | Temperature | Time | Notes |
|--------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|
| 1 | *95°C | *10min | Polymerase activation |
| 40 | 95°C 60°C | 10 s 20 s | Acquire at end of step |

*Non-variable parameter

It is important, when using the ABI TaqMan PDARs for allelic discrimination, to increase the extension temperature in the standard cycling profile from 60 °C to 65 °C.

Troubleshooting Guide

| Problem | Possible Cause | Recommendation |
|--|---|---|
| No amplification trace AND No product on agarose gel | Activation time too short | Make sure SensiMix II is activated for 10min at 95 °C before cycling |
| | Error in protocol setup | Verify that correct reagent concentrations, volumes, dilutions and storage conditions have been used |
| | Suboptimal primers/probe design | Use primers/probe design software or validated assays. Test assay on a control template |
| | Incorrect concentration of primers/probe | Use primer concentration between 300 nM and 1 μM and probe concentration at 100 nM |
| | Template degraded | Re-isolate your template from the sample material or use freshly prepared template dilution |
| | Primers/probe degraded | Use newly synthesized primers/probe |
| | Template contaminated with PCR inhibitors | Further dilute template before PCR or purify template and resuspend it in PCR grade H ₂ O |
| No amplification trace AND No product on agarose gel | Template concentration too low | Increase concentration used |
| | Cycling conditions not optimal | Increase extension/annealing times, increase cycle number, reduce annealing temperature |
| | Error in instrument setup | Check that the acquisition settings are correct during cycling |
| Non-specific amplification product AND Primer-dimers | Suboptimal primers/probe design | Redesign primers/probe using appropriate software or use validated assays |
| | Primers/probe concentration too high | Test dilution series of primer concentrations until primer dimer/non-specific amplification products disappear |
| | Primers/probe concentration too low | Increase concentration of primer and probe in 100 nM increments |
| | Primers/probe annealing temperature too low | Increase PCR annealing temperature in increments of 2 °C until primer dimer/non-specific amplification products disappear |
| | Template concentration too low | Increase template concentration |
| | Template concentration too high | Reduce template concentration until non-specific products disappear |
| Late amplification trace | Extension time too long | Reduce extension time to determine whether non-specific products are reduced |
| | Activation time too short | Ensure that the reaction is activated for 10min at 95 °C before cycling |
| | Annealing temperature too high | Decrease annealing temperature in steps of 2 °C |
| | Extension time too short | Double extension time to determine whether the cycle threshold (C _t) is affected |
| | Template concentration too low | Increase concentration if possible |
| | Template is degraded | Re-isolate template from sample material or use freshly prepared template dilution |
| | Suboptimal design of primers/probe | Redesign primers/probe using appropriate software or use validated primers |
| Primers/probe concentration too low | Increase concentration of primer and probe in 100 nM increments | |

Technical Support

If the troubleshooting guide does not solve the difficulty you are experiencing, please contact your local distributor or our Technical Support with details of reaction setup, cycling conditions and relevant data.

Email: tech@bioline.com