

## Associated products

| Product                       | Description  | Pack Size                         | Cat No.                             |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ISOLATE II Genomic DNA Kit    | Rapid isolation of high-quality genomic DNA from many different starting material                  | 10 Preps<br>50 Preps<br>250 Preps | BIO-52065<br>BIO-52066<br>BIO-52067 |
| ISOLATE II Plant DNA Kit      | Rapid isolation of high-quality genomic DNA from a wide variety of plant species                   | 10 Preps<br>50 Preps<br>250 Preps | BIO-52068<br>BIO-52069<br>BIO-52070 |
| ISOLATE II RNA Mini Kit       | Isolation of high-yield and extremely pure total RNA from a variety of samples                     | 10 Preps<br>50 Preps<br>250 Preps | BIO-52071<br>BIO-52072<br>BIO-52073 |
| ISOLATE II RNA Plant Kit      | Isolation of high-yield and extremely pure total RNA from a wide variety of plant species          | 10 Preps<br>50 Preps              | BIO-52076<br>BIO-52077              |
| TRIsure™                      | Quick isolation of high-quality RNA from a variety of sources for subsequent use in cDNA synthesis | 100 mL<br>200 mL                  | BIO-38032<br>BIO-38033              |
| SensiFAST™ cDNA Synthesis Kit | Fully optimized to generate maximum yields of full-length and low abundance cDNA from RNA          | 50 Reactions<br>250 Reactions     | BIO-65053<br>BIO-65054              |
| Agarose                       | Molecular biology grade agarose  | 100 g<br>500 g                    | BIO-41026<br>BIO-41025              |

## Technical support

If the troubleshooting guide does not solve the difficulty you are experiencing, please contact Technical Support with details of reaction setup, cycling conditions and relevant data.

Email: [tech@bioline.com](mailto:tech@bioline.com)

## Trademark and licensing information

1) Trademarks: SensiFAST™ (Bioline Reagents Ltd), SYBR® (Molecular Probes), ROX™, StepOne™ (ABI), Mx4000, Mx3000P and Mx3005P (Stratagene), iCycler™, MyiQ5™, Opticon™, Chromo4™, MiniOpticon™, (Bio-Rad), LightCycler® (Roche), SmartCycler™ (CEPheid), RotorGene™ (Corbett), RealPlex™ (Eppendorf), Quantica™ (Techne), MX4000 (Stratagene)

2) Purchase of this product conveys a licence from Life Technologies to use this SYBR® containing reagent in an end-user RUO assay. Parties wishing to incorporate this SYBR® containing reagent into a downstream kit, should contact Life Technologies for SYBR® Licensing information.

|  |  |  |  |  |   |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|
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### Storage and stability:

The SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX One-Step Kit is shipped on dry/blue ice. All kit components should be stored at -20°C upon receipt. Excessive freeze/thawing is not recommended.

### Expiry:

When stored under the recommended conditions and handled correctly, full activity of the kit is retained until the expiry date on the outer box label.

### Quality control:

The SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX One-Step Kit and its components are extensively tested for activity, processivity, efficiency, heat activation, sensitivity, absence of nuclease contamination and absence of nucleic acid contamination.

### Safety precautions:

Please refer to the material safety data sheet for further information.

### Notes:

Research Use Only

## SensiFAST™ SYBR® Lo-ROX One-Step Kit

Shipping: On dry/blue ice Catalog numbers  
Batch No.: See vial BIO-74001: 100 x 20 µL reactions: 1 x 1 mL  
Concentration: see vial BIO-74005: 500 x 20 µL reactions: 5 x 1 mL



Store at -20 °C

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## Description

The SensiFAST™ SYBR® Lo-ROX One-Step Kit has been formulated for highly reproducible first-strand cDNA synthesis and subsequent real-time PCR in a single tube. A combination of the latest advances in buffer chemistry together with a reverse transcriptase and hot-start DNA polymerase system, ensures that SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX One-Step Kit produces fast, highly-specific and ultra-sensitive one-step real-time RT-PCR.

The SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX One-Step Kit consists of a 2x SensiFAST SYBR® One-Step mix, as well as separate reverse transcriptase and RiboSafe RNase Inhibitor.

## Kit components

| Reagent                                   | 100 x 20 µL reactions | 500 x 20 µL reactions |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| SensiFAST™ SYBR® Lo-ROX One-Step mix (2x) | 1 x 1 mL              | 5 x 1 mL              |
| RiboSafe RNase Inhibitor                  | 1 x 40 µL             | 1 x 200 µL            |
| Reverse transcriptase                     | 1 x 20 µL             | 1 x 100 µL            |
| DEPC-H <sub>2</sub> O                     | 1 x 1.8 mL            | 2 x 1.8 mL            |

## Instrument compatibility

SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX One-Step Kit has been optimized for use in SYBR® Green-based real-time RT-PCR on the real-time PCR instruments listed in the following compatibility table, each of these instruments having the capacity to analyze the real-time PCR data with the passive reference signal either on or off. The kit is also compatible with several instruments that do not require the use of ROX, such as the BMS Mic, Qiagen (Corbett) RotorGene™ 6000, Bio-Rad CFX96 or Roche LightCycler® 480.

| Manufacturer         | Model                       |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| ABI (Invitrogen)     | 7500, 7500 FAST             |
| Stratagene (Agilent) | Mx4000™, Mx3000P™, Mx3005P™ |

## General considerations

When handling RNA, it is important to use RNase-free plasticware and reagents. We also recommend performing RNA work in an RNase-free area. To help prevent any carry-over DNA contamination, we recommend that separate areas are maintained for reaction set-up, PCR amplification and any post-PCR gel analysis. It is essential that any tubes containing amplified PCR product are not opened in the PCR set-up area.

**Primers:** The sequence and concentration of the primers, as well as amplicon length, can be critical for specific amplification, yield and overall efficiency of any real-time RT-PCR. We strongly recommend taking the following points into consideration when designing and running your real-time RT-PCR:

- use primer-design software, such as Primer3 or visual OMP™ (<http://frodo.wi.mit.edu/primer3/> and DNA Software, Inc. <http://dnasoftware.com/>, respectively). Primers should have a melting temperature (T<sub>m</sub>) of approximately 60 °C
- optimal amplicon length should be 80-200 bp, and should not exceed 400 bp
- final primer concentration of 400 nM is suitable for most SYBR®-Green based reactions, however to determine the optimal concentration we recommend titrating in the range 0.1 -1 µM
- use an equimolar primer concentration
- where possible, use intron-spanning primers to avoid amplification from genomic DNA

**Template:** It is important that the RNA template is intact and devoid of DNA or contaminating inhibitors of both reverse transcription and PCR. For high purity RNA, we recommend using the Bioline ISOLATE II RNA Mini Kit (BIO-52073). RNA stocks and dilutions should be made in DEPC-treated water to avoid any RNase-mediated degradation.

The recommended amount of template for one-step real-time RT-PCR is dependent upon the type of RNA used.

- **total RNA:** purified total RNA can be used in the range from 1 pg to 1 µg per 20 µL reaction
- **mRNA:** purified mRNA can be used from 0.01 pg per 20 µL reaction

**MgCl<sub>2</sub>:** The MgCl<sub>2</sub> concentration in the 1x reaction mix is 3 mM. In the majority of real-time RT-PCR conditions this is optimal for both the reverse transcriptase and the hot-start DNA polymerase. If necessary, we suggest titrating the MgCl<sub>2</sub> to a maximum of 5 mM.

**RT-PCR controls:** It is important to detect the presence of contaminating DNA that may affect the reliability of the data. Always include a no-RT control, by omitting the reverse transcriptase from the reaction.

**Optional ROX:** The SensiFAST SYBR<sup>®</sup> Lo-ROX One-Step Kit is premixed with ROX (5-carboxy-X-rhodamine, single isomer), so that ROX fluorescence can be optionally detected on certain real-time instruments. If your real-time PCR instrument has the capability of using ROX and you wish to use this option, then this option must be selected by the user in the software.

## Procedure

**Reaction mix composition:** Prepare an real-time RT-PCR mastermix. The volumes given below are based on a standard 20 µL final reaction mix and can be scaled accordingly.

| Reagent   | Volume      | Final concentration |
|---|-------------|---------------------|
| 2x SensiFAST™ SYBR <sup>®</sup> Lo-ROX One-Step Mix | 10 µL       | 1x                  |
| 10 µM Forward Primer                                | 0.8 µL      | 400 nM              |
| 10 µM Reverse Primer                                | 0.8 µL      | 400 nM              |
| Reverse transcriptase                               | 0.2 µL      | -                   |
| RiboSafe RNase Inhibitor                            | 0.4 µL      | -                   |
| H <sub>2</sub> O                                    | up to 16 µL |                     |
| Template  | 4 µL        |                     |
| <b>20 µL Final volume</b>                           |             |                     |

## Troubleshooting guide

| Problem  | Possible Cause   | Recommendation   |
|--|--|--|
| No amplification trace<br>AND<br>No product on agarose gel | Activation time too short  | Ensure SensiFAST SYBR <sup>®</sup> Lo-ROX One-Step mix is activated for a minimum of 2 min at 95 °C before cycling   |
|  | Error in protocol setup  | Verify that correct reagent concentrations, volumes, dilutions and storage conditions have been used   |
|  | Suboptimal primer design   | Use primer design software or validated assay. Test assay on a control template  |
|  | Incorrect concentration of primers   | Use primer concentrations between 100 nM and 1 µM  |
|  | Template degraded  | Re-isolate your template from the sample material or use freshly prepared template dilution. We recommend using the ISOLATE RNA kits for template preparation and DEPC-treated water for resuspension or dilution of the template<br><br>Verify the integrity of RNA using agarose gel electrophoresis |
|  | Primers degraded   | Use newly synthesized primers  |
|  | Template contaminated with real-time RT-PCR inhibitors                                 | Further dilute template before real-time RT-PCR or purify template and resuspend it in DEPC-treated water  |
| Template concentration too low                             | Increase concentration used  |  |
| Cycling conditions not optimal                             | Increase extension/annealing time, increase cycle number, reduce annealing temperature |  |

**Sensitivity testing and C<sub>t</sub> values:** When comparing SensiFAST with a mix from another supplier we strongly recommend amplifying from a 10-fold template dilution series. Loss of detection at low template concentration is the only direct measurement of sensitivity. An early C<sub>t</sub> value is not an indication of good sensitivity, but rather an indication of speed.

**Suggested real-time RT-PCR conditions:** The following real-time RT-PCR conditions are suitable for the SensiFAST SYBR<sup>®</sup> Lo-ROX One-Step Kit with the majority of amplicons and real-time PCR instruments. However, the cycling conditions can be varied to suit different machine-specific protocols. SensiFAST SYBR<sup>®</sup> Lo-ROX One-Step Kit is compatible with either three-step or two-step cycling:

### • 3-step cycling

| Cycles | Temp.                   | Time               | Notes   |
|--------|-------------------------|--------------------|---|
| 1      | 45 °C                   | 10 min             | Reverse transcription   |
| 1      | 95 °C                   | 2 min              | Polymerase activation   |
| 40     | 95 °C<br>60 °C<br>72 °C | 5 s<br>10 s<br>5 s | Denaturation<br>Annealing<br>Extension (acquire at end of step) |

### • 2-step cycling

| Cycles | Temp.          | Time        | Notes  |
|--------|----------------|-------------|--|
| 1      | 45 °C          | 10 min      | Reverse transcription  |
| 1      | 95 °C          | 2 min       | Polymerase activation  |
| 40     | 95 °C<br>60 °C | 5 s<br>20 s | Denaturation<br>Annealing/extension (acquire at end of step) |

**Optional analysis:** After the reaction has reached completion, refer to the instrument instructions for the option of melt-profile analysis.

## Troubleshooting guide (Continued)

| Problem   | Possible Cause   | Recommendation   |
|---|--|--|
| No amplification trace<br>AND<br>PCR product present on agarose gel | Error in instrument setup  | Check that the acquisition settings are correct during cycling   |
| Non-specific amplification product<br>AND<br>Primer-dimers          | Inefficient reverse transcription  | Extend reverse transcription time up to 20 min and/or increase the temperature up to 48 °C   |
|   | Suboptimal primer design   | Redesign primers using appropriate software, or use validated primers  |
|   | Primer concentration too high  | Test dilution series of primer concentrations until primer-dimer/non-specific amplification products disappear   |
|   | Primer concentration too low   | Use primer concentration between 100 nM and 1 µM   |
|   | Primer annealing temperature too low   | Increase PCR annealing temperature up to 65 °C or until primer-dimer/non-specific amplification products disappear                                     |
|   | Template concentration too low   | Increase template concentration  |
|   | Template concentration too high  | Reduce template concentration until non-specific products disappear  |
| Extension time too long   | Reduce extension time to determine whether non-specific products are reduced |  |
| Variability between replicates                                      | Error in reaction set-up   | Prepare large volume mastermix   |
|   | Air bubbles in reaction mix  | Centrifuge reaction samples/plate prior to running on a real-time instrument   |
| Late amplification trace  | Inefficient reverse transcription  | Extend reverse transcription time up to 20 min and/or increase the temperature up to 48 °C   |
|   | Activation time too short  | Ensure SensiFAST SYBR <sup>®</sup> Lo-ROX One-Step mix is activated for a minimum of 1min at 95 °C before cycling                                      |
|   | Annealing temperature too high   | Decrease annealing temperature in steps of 2 °C  |
|   | Extension time too short   | Double extension time to determine whether the cycle threshold (C <sub>T</sub> ) is affected   |
|   | Template concentration too low   | Increase concentration if possible   |
|   | Template is degraded   | Re-isolate template from sample material or use freshly prepared template dilution   |
|   | Suboptimal primer design   | Redesign primers using appropriate software, or use validated primers  |
| Primer concentration too low  | Increase concentration of primers in 100 nM increments                       |  |
| RNase contamination   | Ensure RNase inhibitor is added before addition of template                  |  |
| PCR efficiency below 90%  | Extension time too short   | Increase extension time  |
|   | Primer concentration too low   | Increase concentration of primers in 100 nM increments   |
|   | Suboptimal primer design   | Redesign primers using appropriate software or use validated primers   |
| PCR efficiency above 110%   | Template is degraded or contains PCR inhibitors                              | Re-isolate template from sample material, or use freshly prepared template dilution, or purify template and resuspend it in water                      |
|   | Non-specific amplification and/or primer-dimers                              | Use 4% agarose gel electrophoresis to confirm presence of non-specific amplification products. See above for preventing/removing non-specific products |