

# BL21 Combo Pack

Shipping: On Dry Ice Catalog numbers

Batch No.: See vial BIO-85035



A Meridian Life Science® Company

Store at **-80°C**

**Storage and stability:** BL21 Chemically Competent Cells are shipped on Dry/Blue Ice and stored at  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**Expiry:** When stored under the recommended conditions and handled correctly, full activity of the cells is retained until the expiry date on the outer box label.

## Product Specifications:

Product Efficiency	Pack Size	Control Vector
Combo Pack	$10^7$ cfu/ $\mu\text{g}$ of pUC19	1.5ml (15 x 100 $\mu\text{l}$ ) pUC19 (100pg/ $\mu\text{l}$ )

## Genotype:

BL21  $F^- ompT hsdS_B(r_B m_B^-) gal dcm$   
BL21(DE3)  $F^- ompT hsdS_B(r_B m_B^-) gal dcm$  (DE3)  
BL21(DE3)pLysS  $F^- ompT hsdS_B(r_B m_B^-) gal dcm$  (DE3) pLysS (Cam<sup>R</sup>)  
BL21(DE3)pLysE  $F^- ompT hsdS_B(r_B m_B^-) gal dcm$  (DE3) pLysE (Cam<sup>R</sup>)

**Safety precautions:** This product is for R&D use only, not for human use, or any other use. Please refer to the material safety data sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practice.

**Notes:** Research Use Only.

## Features

- Contains, BL21(DE3), BL21 (DE3) pLysS and BL21 (DE3) pLysE competent cells
- High-level protein expression
- Protease deficient
- Transformation efficiency:  $\geq 1 \times 10^7$  cfu/ $\mu\text{g}$  of pUC19
- IPTG inducibility helps to minimize toxic effects of some recombinant proteins

## Applications

- Non-T7 promotor protein expression (BL21)
- T7 promotor expression (BL21 (DE3))
- Regulation of basal T7 promotor expression (BL21), (DE3) pLysS, BL21 (DE3) pLysE

## Description

BL21 and its  $\lambda$ DE3 lysogenic derivatives are all-purpose *E. coli* host strains for high-level expression of a variety of recombinant proteins. All strains are deficient in both *lon* and *ompT* proteases resulting in a higher level of intact recombinant proteins. BL21 competent cells are an ideal host for optimal expression of proteins from vectors utilizing *E. coli* promoters (this strain lacks a source of T7 RNA polymerase).

### Suggested Transformation Procedure for Optimal Results:

1. Remove cells from  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  and let thaw on wet ice.
2. Gently mix cells by lightly flicking tube. Aliquot  $\sim 50$ - $100\mu\text{l}$  of cells into chilled, 17 x 100mm polypropylene tube(s), e.g., Falcon 2059. Unused cells may be refrozen, but a small drop in efficiency may result. For optimal recovery, refreeze cells in a dry ice/ ethanol bath prior to  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  storage.
3. Add DNA solution ( $\leq 5\mu\text{l}$  per 50 $\mu\text{l}$  cells) to cell suspension and gently swirl tube(s) for a few seconds to mix. If a control is desired, repeat this step with 2 $\mu\text{l}$  of the provided Control Vector (pUC19) in a separate tube.
4. Incubate on ice for 30 minutes.
5. Place tube(s) in  $42^{\circ}\text{C}$  water bath for  $\sim 30$  to 45 seconds without shaking. For 50 $\mu\text{l}$  aliquots in Falcon 2059 tubes, 30 seconds is recommended for maximum efficiency.
6. Replace tube(s) on ice for  $\sim 2$  minutes.
7. Dilute transformation reaction(s) to 1ml by addition of 900-950 $\mu\text{l}$  SOC. SOC Medium: 2% Tryptone, 0.5% Yeast Extract, 0.4% glucose, 10mM NaCl, 2.5mM KCl, 10mM MgCl<sub>2</sub> & 10mM MgSO<sub>4</sub>.
8. Shake tube(s)  $\sim 200$  rpm for 60 minutes at  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
9. Plate by spreading 5-200 $\mu\text{l}$  of cell transformation mixture on LB agar plates containing appropriate antibiotic and incubate overnight at  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

When performing the pUC19 control transformation, plate 5 $\mu\text{l}$  of the transformation mixture on a LB agar plate containing 100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  ampicillin. To facilitate cell spreading, place a pool of SOC (100 $\mu\text{l}$ ) onto surface of plate prior to addition of transformation mixture.

### Transformation Efficiency Calculation for Control Vector

$$\text{Transformation Efficiency (cfu}/\mu\text{g pUC19 DNA)} = \frac{\# \text{ colonies (colony forming units)}}{\text{pg pUC19 transformed}} \times \frac{10^6 \text{ pg}}{\mu\text{g}} \times \frac{\text{Final volume } (\mu\text{l}) \text{ of transformation mix}}{\text{Volume plated } (\mu\text{l})}$$

### For example:

If 40 colonies were obtained after transforming 20pg of pUC19 and plating 5 $\mu\text{l}$  of the final 1ml transformation mixture, the calculated transformation efficiency would be:

$$\frac{40 \text{ cfu}}{20 \text{ pg pUC19}} \times \frac{10^6 \text{ pg}}{\mu\text{g}} \times \frac{1000 \mu\text{l}}{5 \mu\text{l}} = 4 \times 10^8 \text{ cfu}/\mu\text{g pUC19}$$

### Competent Cells Supplied:

BL21 Combo Pack contains five aliquots of each of the following:  
BL21 (DE3) **Green**  
BL21 (DE3) pLysS **Purple**  
BL21 (DE3) pLysE **Orange**  
and sufficient control plasmid

### Associated Products:

Product Name	Pack Size	Cat No
T4 DNA Ligase	500 Units	BIO-27026
Quick-Stick Ligase	50 Reactions	BIO-27027
IPTG	5g	BIO-37036
X-GAL	1g	BIO-37035

### Product Citations:

1. Debdeep Ghosh, G. & Berg, J. M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **132(11)**, 3973–3979 (2010).
2. Diekmann, S. *et al. Eur. J. Human Gene.* **18**, 985-92 (2010).
3. Jensen, K. K. *Euro. J. Pharmacol.* doi:10.1016/j.ejphar.2010.09.080 (2010).
4. Markham, A. P. *et al. Biochem.* **48(43)**, 10353-61 (2009).
5. Nayeem, N., *et al. Mol. Pharmacol.* **76(3)**, 534-542 (2009).
6. Allerston, C., *et al. Mol. Gen. Metab.* **98(2)**, 198-202 (2009).

Bioline Reagents Ltd  
UNITED KINGDOM

Tel: +44 (0)20 8830 5300  
Fax: +44 (0)20 8452 2822

Bioline USA Inc.  
USA

Tel: +1 508 880 8990  
Fax: +1 508 880 8993

Bioline GmbH  
GERMANY

Tel: +49 (0)33 7168 1229  
Fax: +49 (0)33 7168 1244

Bioline (Aust) Pty. Ltd  
AUSTRALIA

Tel: +61 (0)2 9209 4180  
Fax: +61 (0)2 9209 4763