## Associated products

Product	Description	Pack Size	Cat No.
ISOLATE II Genomic DNA Kit	COLATE II Genomic DNA Kit Rapid isolation of high-quality genomic DNA from a wide variety of samples		BIO-52065 BIO-52066 BIO-52067
ISOLATE II Plant DNA Kit	Rapid isolation of high-quality genomic DNA from a wide variety of plant species		BIO-52068 BIO-52069 BIO-52070
ISOLATE II RNA Mini Kit	SOLATE II RNA Mini Kit  Isolation of high-yield and extremely pure total RNA from a variety of samples		BIO-52071 BIO-52072 BIO-52073
ISOLATE II RNA Plant Kit	Isolation of high-yield and extremely pure total RNA from a wide variety of plant species		BIO-52076 BIO-52077
TRIsure™	Quick isolation of high-quality RNA from a variety of sources for subsequent use in cDNA synthesis		BIO-38032 BIO-38033
SensiFAST cDNA Synthesis Kit	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		BIO-65053 BIO-65054
Agarose Molecular biology grade agarose		100 g 500 g	BIO-41026 BIO-41025

### **Technical support**

If the troubleshooting guide does not solve the difficulty you are experiencing, please contact Technical Support with details of reaction setup, cycling conditions and relevant data.

Email: tech@bioline.com

## Trademark and licensing information

- 1) Trademarks: SensiFAST™ (Bioline Reagents Ltd), SYBR® (Molecular Probes), StepOne™ (ABI), Mx4000, Mx3000P and Mx3005P (Stratagene), iCycler™, MyiQ5™, Opticon™, Chromo4™, Miniopticon™, (Bio-Rad), LightCycler®, ROX™ (Roche), SmartCycler™ (CÉPheid), RotorGene™ (Corbett), RealPlex™ (Eppendorf), Quantica™ (Techne), MX4000 (Stratagene),
- 2) Purchase of this product conveys a licence from Life Technologies to use this SYBR® containing reagent in an end-user RUO assay. Parties wishing to incorporate this SYBR® containing reagent into a downstream kit, should contact Life Technologies for SYBR® Licencing information

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Storage and stability:
The SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX Kit is shipped on dry/blue ice. All kit components should be stored at -20°C upon receipt. Excessive freeze/thawing is not recommended

Expiry:
When stored under the recommended conditions and handled correctly, full activity of the kit is retained until the expiry date on the outer box label.

### Quality control

The SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX Kit and its components are extensively tested for activity, processivity, efficiency, heat activation, sensitivity, absence of nuclease contamination and absence of nucleic acid contamination.

### Safety precautions:

Please refer to the material safety data sheet for further information

Research Use Only

# SensiFAST™ SYBR® Lo-ROX Kit

Shipping: On dry/blue Ice Catalog numbers

Batch No.: See vial Concentration: See vial

BIO-94005: 500 x 20 μL reactions: 5 x 1 mL BIO-94020: 2000 x 20 μL reactions: 4 x 5 mL

BIO-94050: 5000 x 20 µL reactions: 10 x 5 mL



Store at -20 °C

# Description

The SensiFAST™ SYBR® Lo-ROX Kit has been developed for fast, highly reproducible real-time PCR and has been validated on commonly used real-time PCR instruments. A combination of the latest advances in buffer chemistry and enhancers, together with an antibody-mediated hot-start DNA polymerase system, ensures that the SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX Kit delivers fast, highly-specific and ultra-sensitive real-time PCR.

For ease-of-use and added convenience, SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX is provided as a 2x mastermix containing all the components necessary for real-time PCR, including the SYBR<sup>®</sup> Green I dye, dNTPs, stabilisers and enhancers. The kit consists of a ready-to-use premix, only primers and template need to be added.

## Kit components

Reagent	500 x 20 μL	2000 x 20 μL	5000 x 20 μL
	Reactions	Reactions	Reactions
SensiFAST SYBR <sup>®</sup> Lo-ROX mix (2x)	5 x 1 mL	4 x 5 mL	10 x 5 mL

## Instrument compatibility

SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX Kit has been optimized for use in SYBR® Green-based real-time PCR on the real-time PCR instruments listed in the following compatibility table, each of these instruments having the capacity to analyze the real-time PCR data with the passive reference signal either on or off. The kit is also compatible with several instruments that do not require the use of ROX, such as the BMS Mic, Qiagen (Corbett) Rotor-Gene™ 6000, Bio-Rad CFX96 or Roche LightCycler® 480.

Manufacturer	Model
ABI (Invitrogen)	7500, 7500 FAST, ViiA7
Stratagene (Agilent)	Mx4000™, Mx3000P™, Mx3005P™

## **General considerations**

PI-50218 V11

To help prevent any carry-over DNA contamination, we recommend that separate areas are maintained for reaction setup, PCR amplification and any post-PCR gel analysis. It is essential that any tubes containing amplified PCR product are not opened in the PCR set-up area.

Primers: The specific amplification, yield and overall efficiency of any real-time PCR can be critically affected by the sequence and concentration of the primers, as well as by the amplicon length. We strongly recommend taking the following points into consideration when designing and running your real-time PCR:

- use primer-design software, such as Primer3 frodo.wi.mit.edu/primer3/) or visual OMP<sup>TM</sup> dnasoftware.com/). Primers should have a melting temperature (Tm) of approximately 60 °C
- optimal amplicon length should be 80-200 bp, and should not exceed 400 bp

- final primer concentration of 400 nM is suitable for most SYBR<sup>®</sup> -Green based reactions, however to determine the optimal concentration we recommend titrating in the range 0.1-1 µM. The forward and reverse primers concentration should be equimolar
- when amplifying from cDNA, use of intron-spanning primers is preferable, to avoid amplification from genomic DNA

Template: it is important that the DNA template is suitable for use in PCR in terms of purity and concentration. In addition, the template needs to be devoid of any contaminating PCR inhibitors (e.g. EDTA). The recommended amount of template for PCR is dependent upon the type of DNA used. The following points should be considered when using genomic DNA and cDNA templates:

- Genomic DNA: use up to 1 μg of complex (e.g. eukaryotic) genomic DNA in a single PCR. We recommend using the Bioline ISOLATE II Genomic DNA Kit (BIO-52066) for high yield and purity from both prokaryotic and eukaryotic sources.
- cDNA: the optimal amount of cDNA to use in a single PCR is dependent upon the copy number of the target gene. We suggest using 100 ng cDNA per reaction, however it may be necessary to vary this amount. To perform a two-step RT-PCR, we recommend using the SensiFAST cDNA Synthesis Kit (BIO-65053) for reverse transcription of the purified RNA. For high yield and purity of RNA, use the Bioline ISOLATE II RNA Mini Kit (BIO-52072).

MgCl<sub>2</sub>: The MgCl<sub>2</sub> concentration in the 1x reaction mix is 3 mM. In the majority of real-time PCR conditions this is optimal for both the reverse transcriptase and the hot-start DNA polymerase.

PCR controls: It is important to detect the presence of contaminating DNA that may affect the reliability of the data. Always include a no-template control (NTC) reaction, replacing the template with PCR grade water. When performing a two-step RT-PCR, set up a no-RT control as well as an NTC for the PCR.

Optional ROX: The SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX Kit is premixed with ROX (5-carboxy-X-rhodamine, succinymidyl ester), so that ROX fluorescence can be optionally detected on certain real-time PCR instruments. If your real-time PCR instrument has the capability of using ROX and you wish to use this option, then this option must be selected by the user in the software.

## **Procedure**

**Reaction mix composition:** Prepare a PCR mastermix. The volumes given below are based on a standard 20  $\mu$ L final reaction mix and can be scaled accordingly.

Reagent	Volume	Final concentration
2x SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX Mix	10 μL	1x
10 μM forward primer	0.8 μL	400 nM
10 μM reverse primer	0.8 μL	400 nM
Template	up to 8.4 μL	
H <sub>2</sub> O	As required	
	20 μL Final vo	lume

Sensitivity testing and  $C_t$  values: When comparing SensiFAST with a mix from another supplier we strongly recommend amplifying from a 10-fold template dilution series. Loss of detection at low template concentration is the only direct measurement of sensitivity. An early  $C_t$  value is not an indication of good sensitivity, but rather an indication of speed. In some instances increasing final  $MgCl_2$  concentration to 6 mM will reduce  $C_t$ s for difficult amplicons.

Suggested real-time PCR conditions: The following real-time PCR conditions are suitable for the SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX Kit with amplicons of up to 200 bp. However, the cycling conditions can be varied to suit different machine-specific protocols. It is not recommended to use annealing temperatures below 60 °C or combined annealing/extension times longer than 30 seconds.

SensiFAST SYBR<sup>®</sup> Lo-ROX Kit is compatible with either 3-step or 2-step cycling:

# • 3-step cycling

Cycles	Temp.	Time	Notes
1	*95 °C	*2 min	Polymerase activation
40	95 °C 60-65 °C 72 °C	5 s 10 s **5-20 s	Denaturation Annealing Extension (acquire at end of step)

\*2 min for cDNA, 3 min for genomic DNA
\*\*Not recommended to extend beyond 20 seconds

## 2-step cycling

Cycles	Temp.	Time	Notes
1	*95 °C	*2 min	Polymerase activation
40	95 °C 60-65 °C	5 s **15-30 s	Denaturation Annealing/extension (acquire at end of step)

\*2 min for cDNA, 3 min for genomic DNA
\*\*Not recommended to anneal/extend beyond 30 seconds

**Optional analysis:** After the reaction has reached completion, refer to the instrument instructions for the option of melt-profile analysis.

### Troubleshooting guide

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommendation
_	Activation time too short	For cDNA templates, make sure SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX is activated for 2 min at 95 °C before cycling. For more complex templates such as genomic DNA, increase activation time up to 3 minutes.
	Error in protocol setup	Verify that correct reagent concentrations, volumes, dilutions and storage conditions have been used
	Suboptimal primer design	Use primer design software or validated assay. Test assay on a control template
No amplification trace	Incorrect concentration of primers	Use primer concentrations between 100 nM and 1 μM
AND No product on	Template degraded	Re-isolate your template from the sample material or use freshly prepared template dilution.
agarose gel	Primers degraded	Use newly synthesized primers
	Template contaminated with PCR inhibitors	Further dilute template before PCR or purify template and resuspend it in PCR-grade water
	Template concentration too low	Increase concentration used
	Cycling conditions not optimal	Increase extension/annealing times, increase cycle number

# **Troubleshooting guide (Continued)**

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommendation
No amplification trace AND PCR product present on agarose gel	Error in instrument setup	Check that the acquisition settings are correct during cycling
	Suboptimal primer design	Redesign primers using appropriate software or use validated primers
	Primer concentration too high	Test dilution series of primer concentrations until primer dimer/non-specific amplification products disappear
Non-specific	Primer concentration too low	Titrate primers in the concentration range of 100 nM - 1 μM
amplification product AND Primer-dimers	Primer annealing/extension temperature(s) too low	Due to the high ionic strength of SensiFAST SYBR® Lo-ROX Kit it is not recommended to use annealing/extension temperatures below 60 °C. Annealing/extension temperature can be increased in steps of 2 °C in the event of non-specific products
	Template concentration too low	Increase template concentration
	Template concentration too high	Reduce template concentration until non-specific products disappear
	Extension time too long	Reduce extension time to determine whether non-specific products are reduced
Variability	Error in reaction set-up	Prepare large volume mastermix, vortex thoroughly and aliquot into reaction plate
between replicates	Air bubbles in reaction mix	Centrifuge reaction samples/plate prior to running on a real-time PCR instrument
	Activation time too short	Ensure the reaction is activated for between 1 min and 3 min at 95 °C before cycling
	Extension time too short	Increasing the extension time may be necessary for amplification products over 200 bp; double extension time to determine whether the cycle threshold (C <sub>t</sub> ) is affected
	Annealing temperature too high	Decrease annealing temperature in steps of 2 °C
	Template concentration too low	Increase concentration if possible
Late amplification trace	Template with high secondary structure	Increase reverse transcription reaction time up to 30 min Increase reverse transcription reaction temperature up to 45 °C
	Template is degraded	Re-isolate template from sample material or use freshly prepared template dilution
	Suboptimal design of primers	Redesign primers using appropriate software or use validated primers
	Primer concentration too low	Increase concentration of primer in 100 nM increments
	MgCl <sub>2</sub> concentration insufficient	Increase final MgCl <sub>2</sub> concentration to 6 mM
PCR efficiency below 90%	Extension time is too short	Increase extension time
	Primer concentration too low	Increase concentration of primer in 100 nM increments
	Suboptimal design of primers	Redesign primers using appropriate software or use validated primers
PCR efficiency above 110%	Template is degraded or contains PCR inhibitors	Re-isolate template from sample material or use freshly prepared template dilution or purify template and resuspend it in water
	Non-specific amplification and/ or primer-dimers	Use melt analysis and 4% agarose gel electrophoresis to confirm presence of non-specific amplification products. See above for preventing/removing non-specific products